

# **Employee/Employer Relationship Disclosure for Tax Exemptions**

Based on Age, Student Status, and Family Relationship

Acumen Fiscal .  Innovation · Opportunity ·				
Employee N	lame	Employee SSN		
Employer N	ame			
Participant	Name			
and state to cases, the these exemyou and to	axes based on the employee's age, student employer may also be exempt based on the options, <b>you must take them</b> . Acumen Fisc	e or nursing, may be exempt from paying certain federal status, or family relationship to the employer. In some employee's status. If you and your employer qualify for al Agent will determine the tax exemptions that apply to low. Please answer all the following questions based on err.		
	Relationshi	p Questionnaire		
	ua non-resident alien temporarily in the U US for providing domestic services?	Inited States on an F-1, J-1, M-1, or Q-1 visa admitted		
	at description fits my visa status.	☐ <b>NO</b> , that description does not fit my visa status.		
2. Are yo	u the child of the employer (includes ado	oted children)?		
	y employer is my parent (mother or father).	□ <b>NO</b> , my employer is not my parent.		
3. Are yo	u the spouse of the employer?			
domest	y employer is my spouse (husband, wife ic partner, or other in footnote #3).			
_	u the parent of the employer (includes ad	<u> </u>		
	ny employer is my child (son or daughter).			
5. If you a	answered, " <u>YES</u> ," to Question 4, check ar	ly of the following that apply.		
☐ YES, I	also provide care for my grandchild or step-g	randchild in my child's home.		
	al care of an adult for at least four weeks in	8, or has a physical or mental condition that requires a row during the calendar quarter in which services are		
mental		rced, not remarried, or living with a spouse who has a are for my grandchild for at least four weeks in a row during ed.		
□ <b>NO</b> , no	ne of the above apply.			
	u under the age of 18 or do you turn 18 be			
☐ YES, I : Decem	am under 18 or am turning 18 <b>before</b> <b>ber 31</b>	NO, I am over 18.		
If you answ below.	vered, " <u>YES</u> ," to Question 6, answer the follo	wing question. If you answered, " <u>NO</u> ," skip the question		
Is this job of performing household services (respite) your principal occupation?				
NOTE: Do	not answer, "YES," if you are a student.			
☐ YES, th	iis is my main job.	☐ NO, this is not my main job.		
IMPORTAN	NT: You <u>must</u> notify Acumen Fiscal Agen	t if your status changes.		
Employee S	Signature	Date		

# **Employee/Employer Relationship Disclosure for Tax Exemptions**

**Employee Copy - Keep for your records** 

Employees providing domestic services such as personal assistance may be exempt from paying certain federal and state taxes based on the employee's age, student status or family relationship to the employer. In some cases, the employer may also be exempt from paying certain taxes based on the employee's status.

IMPORTANT: Please see IRS Publication: #926 – Household Employer's Tax Guide, and IRS website article: "Foreign Student Liability for Social Security and Medicare Taxes" for additional information.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

- These exemptions are not optional. If the employee and employer qualify for these tax exemptions, they must be taken.
- If the employee's earnings are exempt from these taxes, the employee may not qualify for the related benefits, such as retirement benefits and unemployment compensation.
- The questions regarding family relationship refer to the relationship between the employee and the employer of record (common law employer). In some cases, the program participant is the employer of record. In other cases, the employer of record may be someone other than the program participant. Check program rules.
- Program rules may prohibit some types of employees. For example, most Medicaid-funded programs do not permit a spouse to be paid as an employee for providing services to a spouse. Check program rules.
- Acumen Fiscal Agent LLC will determine the tax exemptions that apply to the employee and employer based on the information provided by the employee. Acumen Fiscal Agent LLC cannot provide tax advice.

### **Question #1: Tax Exemptions for Non-Resident Students**

For a non-resident student in the United States on an F-1, J-1, M-1, or Q-1 visa admitted to the US for the purpose of providing domestic services, the employer and employee are exempt from paying FICA (Social Security and Medicare taxes) and the employer is exempt from paying FUTA (Federal Unemployment Tax) on wages paid to this employee. The employer may also be exempt from paying State Unemployment Insurance, depending on the rules in the state. See footnote #1.

# Question #2: Tax Exemptions for Children under 21 years old Employed by Parent

For a child (**does not include step-child.**) under 21 employed by his or her parent, the employer and employee are exempt from paying FICA (Social Security and Medicare taxes) and the employer is exempt from paying FUTA (Federal Unemployment Tax) on wages paid to this employee until the child (employee) turns 21 years of age. The employer may also be exempt from paying State Unemployment Insurance, depending on the rules in the state. See footnote #2.

### Question #3: Tax Exemptions for Spouses Employed Spouses

For a spouse (husband, wife, or domestic partner in some states) employed by his or her spouse, the employer and employee are exempt from paying FICA (Social Security and Medicare taxes) and the employer is exempt from paying FUTA (Federal Unemployment Tax) on wages paid to this employee. The employer may also be exempt from paying State Unemployment Insurance, depending on the rules in the state. See footnote #3.

## Question #4 & #5: Tax Exemptions for Parents Employed by Children

For a parent (does not include stepparent,) employed by his or her child and answering "No" to any of the additional questions under Question #5 regarding caring for a grandchild or step grandchild, the employer and employee are exempt from paying FICA (Social Security and Medicare taxes) and the employer is exempt from paying FUTA (Federal Unemployment Tax) on wages paid to this employee. The employer may also be exempt from paying State Unemployment Insurance, depending on the rules in the state.

For a parent (**does not include stepparent.**) employed by his or her child and answering "Yes" to all the additional questions under Question #5 regarding caring for a grandchild or step grandchild, the employer is exempt from paying Federal Unemployment Tax (FUTA) on wages paid to this employee. The employer may also be exempt from paying State Unemployment Insurance, depending on the rules in the state. See footnote #4

For Question #5, the term calendar quarter means January-March, April-June, July-September, October-December

# Question #6: Tax Exemptions for Employee under Age 18 at any point during the calendar year

For employees under the age of 18 or turning 18 in the calendar year: If the employee is a student, domestic services are deemed not to be the employee's principal occupation and the employer and employee are exempt from paying FICA (Social Security and Medicare taxes).

Employment Relationship Status	Federal Insurance Contributions Act - Social Security and Medicare Taxes (FICA)	Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA)	State Unemployment Insurance (SUTA)
Foreign Student on VISA in US for Purpose of Providing Domestic Service	FICA exempt	FUTA exempt	See footnote #1
Child (does not include stepchild) while employers by Parent	FICA exempt only until 21st birthday	FUTA exempt only until 21st birthday	See footnote #2
Spouse Employed by Spouse	FICA exempt	FUTA exempt	SUTA exempt. See footnote #3
Parent (does not include stepparent) Employed by Child	FICA Exempt only if not also caring for dependent child (including stepchild) of the employer (employee's grandchild)	FUTA exempt	SUTA exempt except in NY and WA, See footnote #4
Employee Under 18 or Turning Age 18 in the Calendar Year	FICA exempt through year of 18th birthday only if enrolled as a full-time student	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

#### FOOTNOTES:

- (1) A foreign student in the United States on an F-1 or J-1 visa is exempt from SUTA in PA and WA. MT and WI exempt F-1, J-1, M-1, and Q-1 visas from SUTA tax.
- (2) A child under age 18 employed by his or her parent is exempt from SUTA in the following states: CA, IL, MA, ME, MN, NJ, NV, OH, OR, PA, SC, TN, WA, WV. A child under age 21 employed by his or her parent is exempt from SUTA in the following states: AL, AZ, GA, HI, ID, IN, KS, LA, MO, NC, NY, OK, TX, UT, VA, WY and the District of Columbia. GA defines a child as "natural, legally adopted, step, and foster except that foster must be living in the same home as the employer." MO and WY define a child as "natural, legally adopted, foster, and step." MT exempts anyone classified as a dependent
- (3) AL exempts common law marriages created prior to 1/1/2017.
  - CA, NV, and WA exempt a domestic partner employed by his or her domestic partner.
  - GA exempts common law marriages created prior to 1/1/1997.
  - HI exempts reciprocal beneficiary relationships and civil unions.
  - ID exempts common law marriages created prior to 1/1/1996.
  - IN exempts common law marriages created before 1/1/1958.
  - KS, MT, and TX exempt all common law marriages.
  - NJ exempts civil unions.
  - OH exempts common law marriages created prior to 10/10/1991.
  - SC exempts common law marriages created prior to 07/24/2019.
  - All states recognize common law marriages created in a different state.
- (4) A parent employed by his or her child is exempt from SUTA in the District of Columbia and all states except NY and WA. MO defines parents as natural, foster, or step."